

OUR CAMPUS ECOSYSTEM: STAFF & FACULTY COLLABORATIONS FOR STUDENT EQUITY AND ENGAGEMENT

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DEFINING STUDENT ENGAGEMENT & SUCCESS

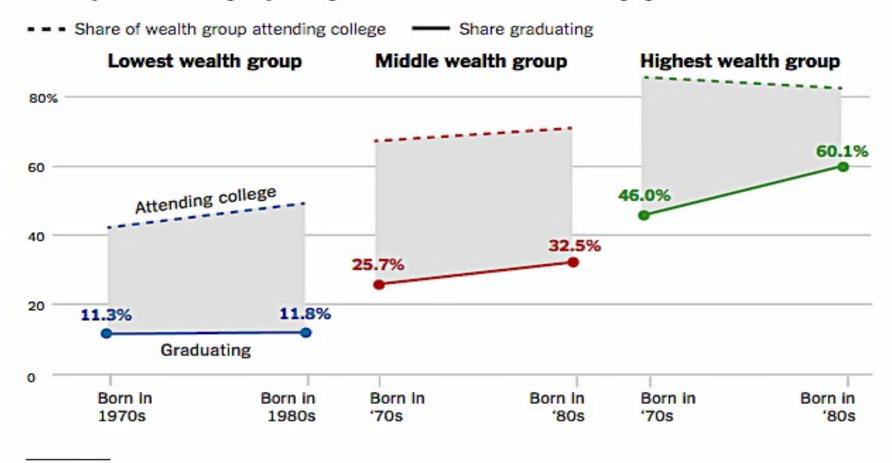
- Participating in educationally and developmentally meaningful activities
- Learning, as in areas defined by AAC&U and other outcomes agendas
- Development: Personal, social, intercultural
- Ensuring students meet their goals
- Metrics: For example, 4 and 6 year graduation rates

WHERE ARE THE EQUITY GAPS?

- Access who goes and where?
- Persistence who stays?
- Attainment who completes?
- Gaps across race, ethnicity, sex, income, and more

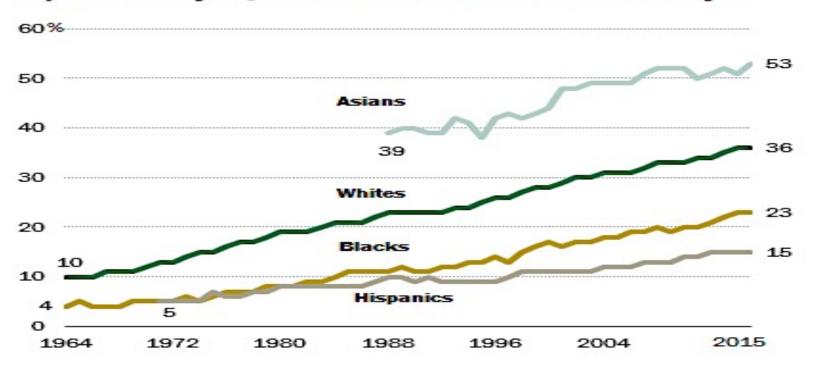
More Students, and Yet...

For the poorest wealth group, college attendance has risen, but college graduation has not.



Note: Wealth categories are based on a person's parents' wealth when the person was 10-14 years old. Lowest wealth group is the bottom 40 percent of households; middle wealth is the middle 40 percent; upper wealth is the top 20 percent. Educational outcomes are at age 25. Source: Fabian Pfeffer, "Growing Wealth Gaps in Education," the journal Demography. | By The New York Times

% of U.S. adults ages 25 and older who have at least a bachelor's degree



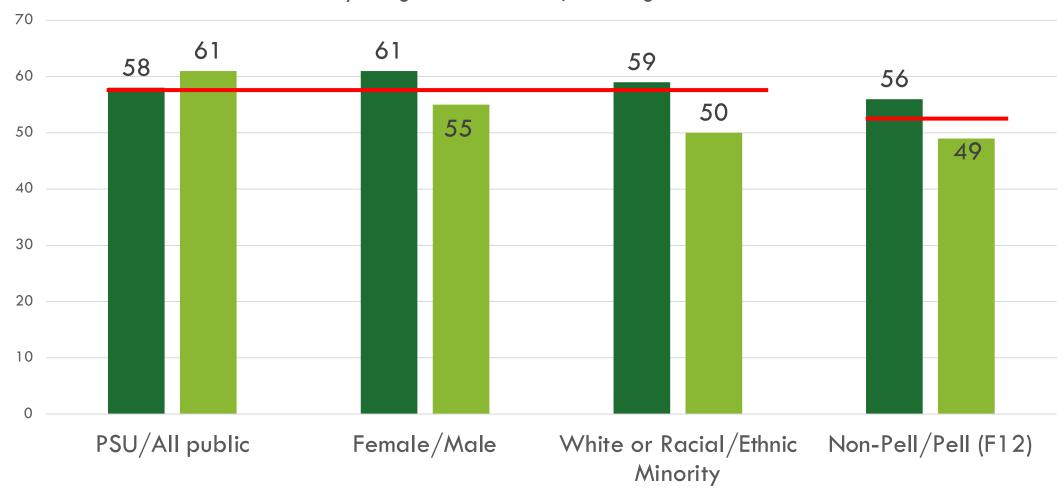
Note: Whites, blacks and Asians include only those who reported a single race. Native Americans and mixed-race groups not shown. Data for whites, blacks and Asians from 1971 to 2015 include only non-Hispanics. Data for whites and blacks prior to 1971 include Hispanics. Data for Hispanics not available prior to 1971. Hispanics are of any race. Data for Asians not available prior to 1988. Asians include Pacific Islanders. Prior to 1992 those who completed at least 16 years of school are classified as having a bachelor's degree. Source: Pew Research Center tabulation of the 1964-2015 Current Population Survey Annual Social and Economic Supplement (IPUMS).

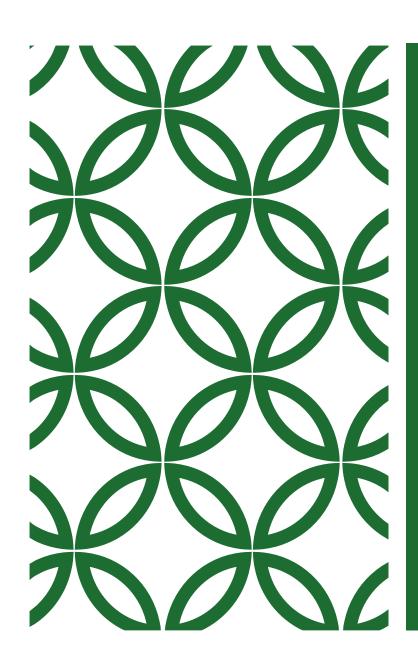
"On Views of Race and Inequality, Blacks and Whites are Worlds Apart"

PEW RESEARCH CENTER

PLYMOUTH STATE UNIVERSITY







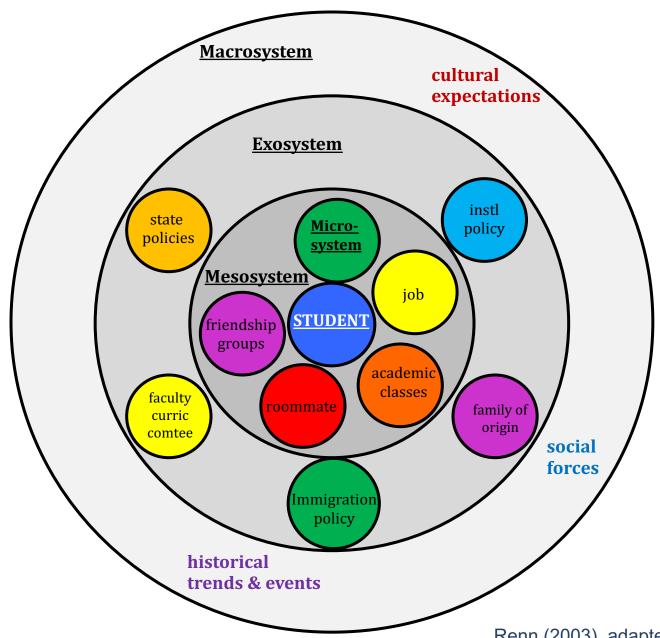
EVERY SYSTEM IS PERFECTLY DESIGNED TO GET THE RESULTS IT GETS.

(SOMETIMES ATTRIBUTED TO W. EDWARDS DEMING)



SYSTEMIC BARRIERS: SILOS

College Student Ecosystem

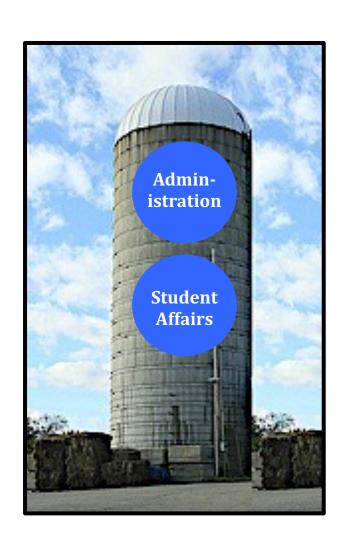


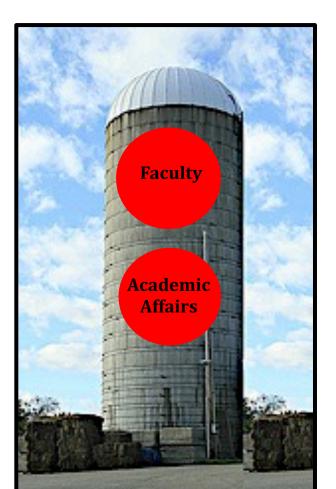
Renn (2003), adapted from Bronfenbrenner (1993)

HIGHER EDUCATION ORGANIZES ITSELF (MORE) LIKE THIS

Families

Federal Policy





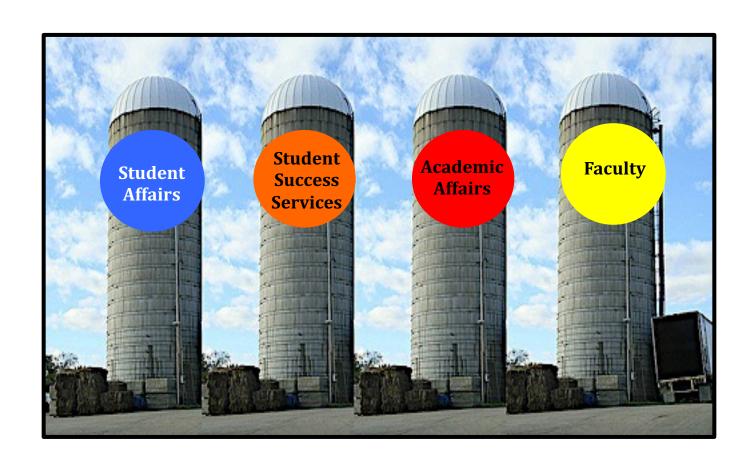
Jobs



AND THERE IS MOVEMENT TOWARD THIS

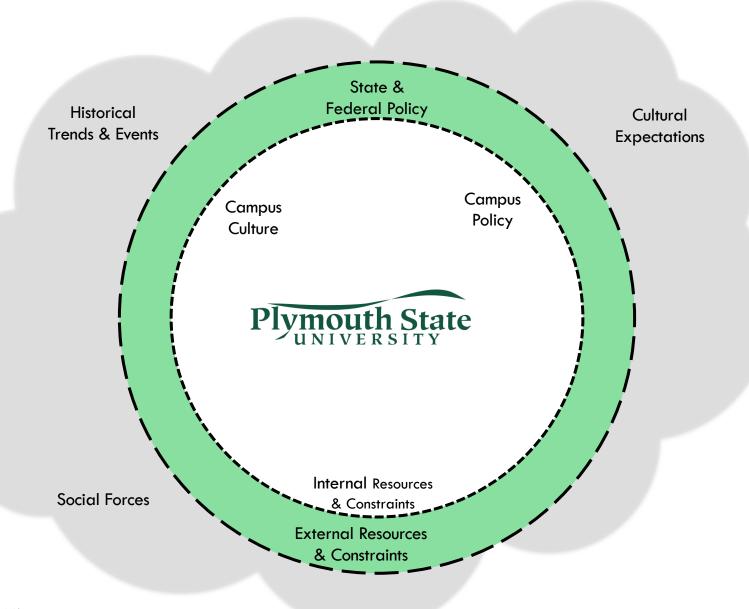


Federal Policy









Student Affairs

Theories: Student Development

Values: Holistic; Diversity & Inclusion

<u>Beliefs</u>: Development occurs through balance of challenge & support through of processes exploration and commitment <u>Activities</u>: Design environments to promote development

Theories: Retention

Values: Students responsible for

engaging in activities that lead to success (e.g., High Impact Practices)

Beliefs: Students will respond to institutional policies/incentives

Activities: Responding to metrics; Providing incentives to faculty to add to

student success

Academic Affairs Theories: Teaching and Learning;
Disciplinary

academic activities

Values: Prioritize academic freedom, individual achievement, "merit"

Beliefs: Varies from "blame the student" to deeply engaged in success work

Activities: Teaching and related

Faculty

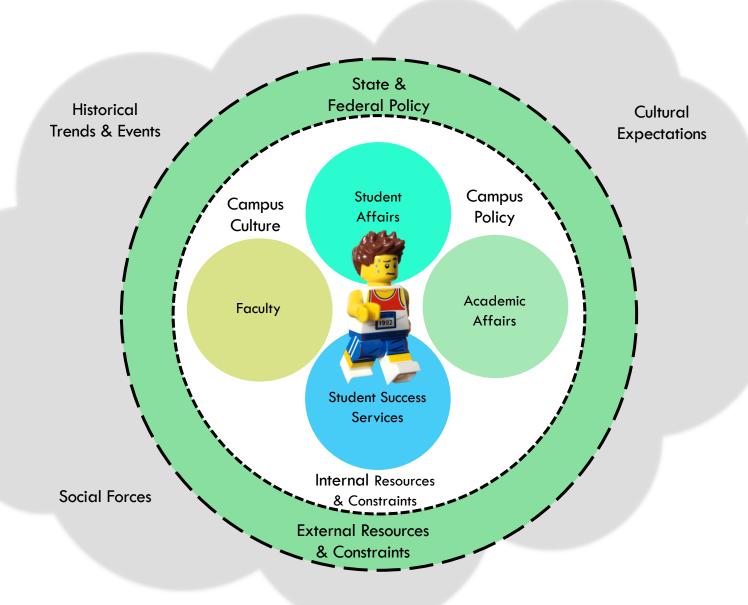
Theories: Positive psychology, grit, resilience

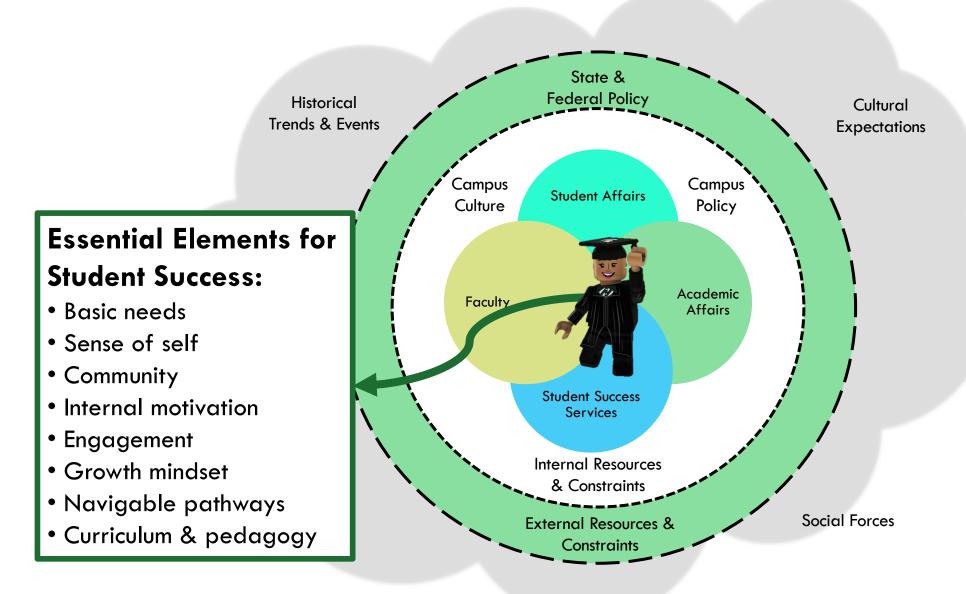
<u>Values</u>: Institution should provide resources to meet gaps in knowledge & academic skills

Beliefs: Students can build on strengths to activate mindsets that will lead to success

<u>Activities</u>: Advising, coaching, cohorts, bridges, tutoring, academic help, learning communities

Student Success Services







SYSTEMIC BARRIERS: LOW BRIDGES

THE TALE OF THE LOW BRIDGES TO JONES BEACH

- Robert Moses' urban design
- Contested claims that he purposefully made parkway bridges too low for public buses, to keep Black New Yorkers off the beach
- Whether true or not, story provides a useful metaphor for thinking about structures we inherit



BREAKING DOWN SILOS, FIXING LOW BRIDGES: COLLABORATING FOR STUDENT SUCCESS

- Involves staff and faculty, academic and student affairs
- Is rooted in culture of evidence
- Is not (just) about programs
- Acknowledges interconnectedness and builds synergy
- Requires organizational alignment
- Centers and values student success over suborganizational identities and territory

A PHILOSOPHY OF STUDENT SUCCESS

- All students can succeed
- Equity is key goal: Close opportunity gaps
- Increasing success is a moral imperative
- Evidence comes from many sources but some is more compelling than others
- Organizational and individual capacity building are an ongoing process
- We can work across silos to center student success

HOW DO WE COLLABORATE TO PUT STUDENT SUCCESS AT THE CENTER?

- Days like today, when you come together across areas to focus on students are evidence that you're already working in this direction
- Process mapping to identify points that derail students
- Barriers and facilitators low bridges and overpasses

PROCESS MAPPING: A DATA-BASED APPROACH TO COLLABORATING FOR STUDENT SUCCESS

- Developed mainly for business processes
- Numerous applications for student success for identifying "low bridges"
- University Innovation Alliance adopted this approach – Georgia State, Michigan State, and beyond

Not As Easy As One-Two-Three

For Students, Onboarding Is a Complex Web of Services



Community College Forum

Administration's Perspective

College administrators and staff often see intake and orientation as a linear path from application to enrollment. A series of subprocesses comprise the onboarding process, from application to advising and financial aid, to enrollment. However, students experience anything but a simple process.



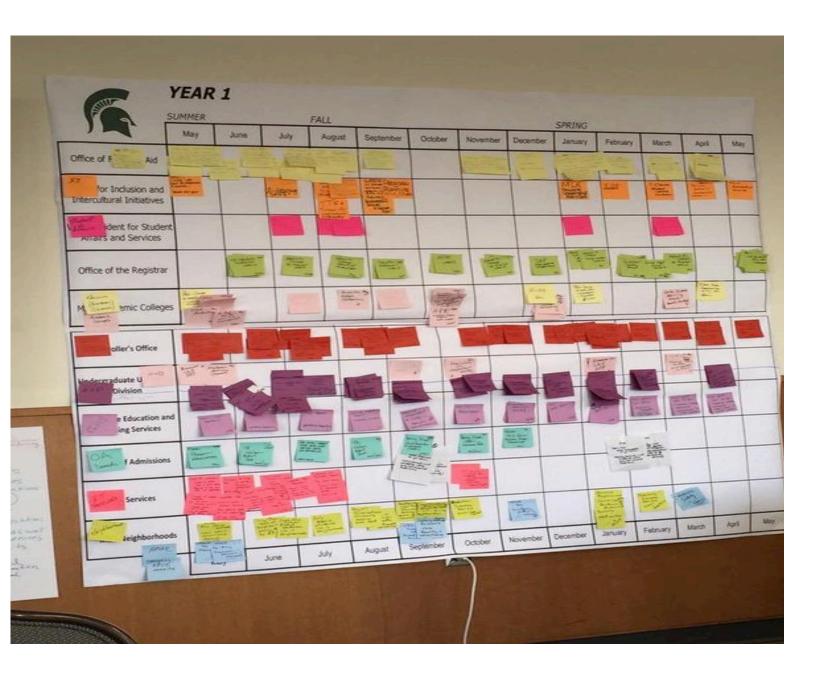
MSU: GETTING OUT OF STUDENTS' WAY

- Identified a problem: "Students don't read email any more" OR "Students don't respond to email"
- Process of interest: Communication from MSU to students from commitment to end of 1st term
- How might low-income, first generation, Black, Latinx, and/or Native American students experience these communications?

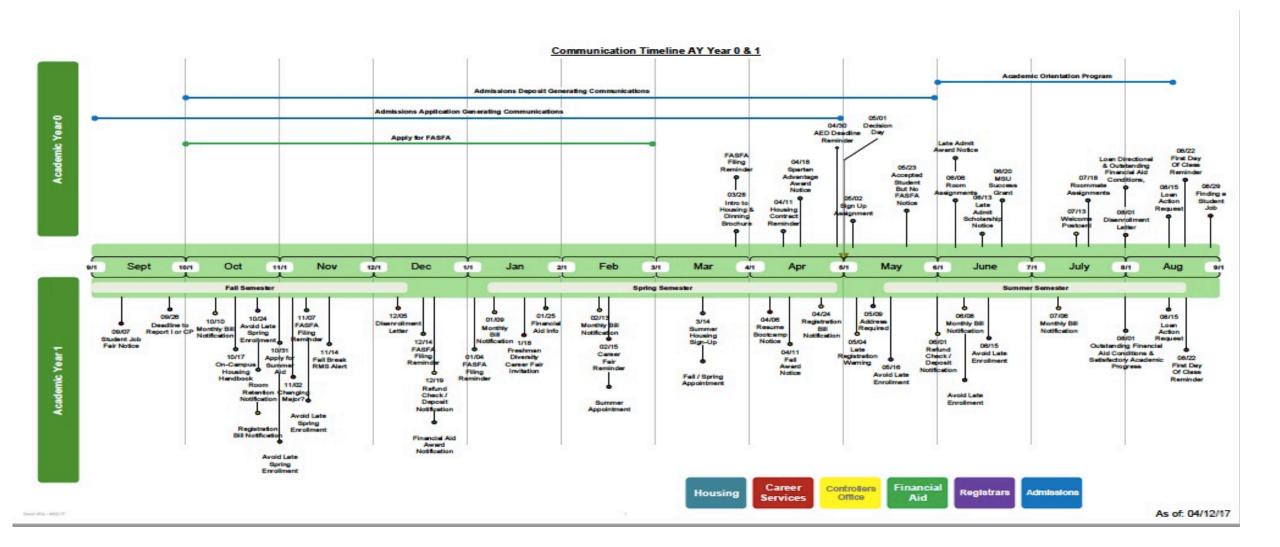
BROUGHT 65 PEOPLE TO THE ACTIVITY

- Admissions
- Pre-Major Advising
- Assoc Provost Undergrad Ed
- Office for Inclusion &
- Intercultural Initiatives
- Information Technology Services
- Controller's Office
- Office of the Provost
- Registrar

- Residence Education & Housing Services
- Office of the VP for Student Affairs
 & Services
- Academic Colleges Advisors and Faculty
- Student Success Programs
- Financial Aid
- Institutional Research
- Orientation

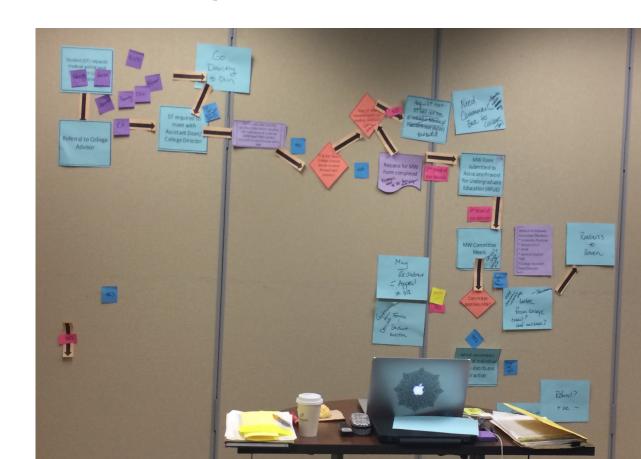


- •WE LEARNED:
 - HUNDREDS OF EMAILS
 - DOZENS OF PORTALS
 - HUNDREDS OF HOLDS
- •WE ACTED:
 - KEY FUNCTIONS TEAM
 - PRIORITIZATION& REDUCTION
 - ALTERNATIVES TO EMAIL
- •WE BUILT A COMMUNITY OF PROFESSIONALS FOCUSED ON STUDENT SUCCESS



ACROSS THE UNIVERSITY INNOVATION ALLIANCE*

- Medical withdrawals and readmission
- Academic probation, dismissal, and recovery
- Removing enrollment holds
- Financial aid communications
- Community college transfers
- Declaring/entering majors
- New student orientation
- Accessing veterans' benefits
- Returning after many years



^{*}www.theuia.org

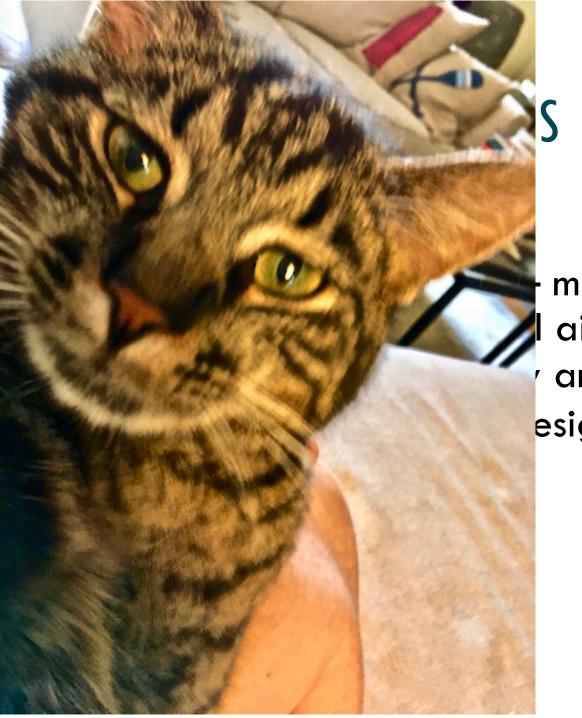
COLLABORATING TO PROMOTE STUDENT SUCCESS

- Barriers
 - Organizational cultures
 - Habit or inertia
 - History of turf, stubbornness, hurt feelings
- Facilitators
 - Common understanding of student success
 - Student success mindset
 - Mutual benefit
 - Structures: Cluster Approach



COLLABORATING TO PROMOTE STUDENT SUCCESS

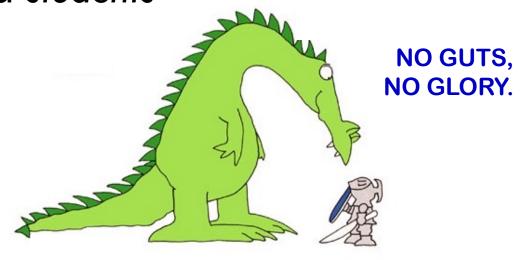
- Identify champions and stakeholders
- Start with easier wins amplify the choir
- Focus on small bites assess, adapt, scale
- Recognize partners and help them describe
 their work to their peers give platforms and scripts
- Acknowledge historical and contemporary barriers
- Look for existing successes that haven't been
 acknowledged lift them up and invite them in
- Be patient change takes time



make friends across staff in laid, student affairs, faculty and instructors, health & wellness esign around students

CLOSING THOUGHTS

- Examine ecosystem
- Be good partners make friends across staff in advising, IR, financial aid, student affairs, faculty development, faculty and instructors, health & wellness
- Process map and design around students
- Be brave







REFERENCES

Renn, K. A. (2003). Understanding the identities of mixed race college students through a developmental ecology lens. *Journal of College Student Development*, 44, 383-403.

Torres, V., & Renn, K. A. (2018, November). Does metric-centered leadership generate more silos? An organizational model for student success integration. *Change, 53* (2), 49-56.